

2021 Drug-Free Schools/Drug-Free Workplace Annual Disclosure to Students and Employees

It is the policy of the School to comply with the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 and the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act of 1989 as amended for all students and employees. As noted in the Annual Security Report, the School supports a drug-free environment and does not allow the unlawful possession, use or distribution of illicit drugs or alcohol on or off campus. As **AN EXPRESS CONDITION OF ACCEPTANCE AS A STUDENT TO THE SCHOOL**, students agree to random and for-cause drug testing throughout their attendance at the School in accordance with the School's Substance Abuse Policy set forth below. A violation will result in the School taking appropriate action up to and including termination from School or termination of employment. Accordingly, the following information regarding the use of illegal drugs and alcohol is provided annually to each student and employee of the School.

Objectives of the School's Substance Abuse Prevention Policy

The unlawful possession and use of illicit drugs and abuse of alcohol is harmful and dangerous to the individual and society. Alcohol and drug abuse not only have an adverse effect on safety, but also have cascading ill effects on the health and welfare of the entire student body. The School's objectives with its Substance Abuse Policy include the following:

- To establish and maintain a safe, healthy educational environment for all students;
- To encourage counseling and rehabilitation assistance for those who seek help, both students and employees;
- To reduce the number of accidental injuries to persons or property;
- To preserve the reputation of the School within the community and industry at large;
- To enhance the student's and the School's ability to achieve a high employment placement rate; and
- To reduce absenteeism and tardiness of its students.

Standards of Conduct

The unlawful use, manufacture, distribution, dispensation, or possession of alcohol, illegal drugs, or any controlled substance on School premises, while involved in a School-related activity off campus, or in an employee workplace is strictly prohibited and subject to the disciplinary sanctions noted below.

1. THE SCHOOL CANNOT AND DOES NOT CONDONE DRUG OR ALCOHOL ABUSE BY ITS STUDENTS AND EMPLOYEES.

The School will not allow the possession, use or distribution of illicit drugs or alcohol by students or staff on its property or as part of any of its officially sponsored off-campus activities. Individuals are also prohibited from being under the influence of alcohol, illegal drugs or any other substance that could adversely affect the health, safety or welfare of students, faculty or staff on School property or at any of its officially sponsored activities. This includes all forms of marijuana and synthetic marijuana, regardless of the legality of the substance. Individual state legalization of marijuana and/or the possession of a legitimate medical marijuana card are not accepted as exceptions to this policy. Under federal law marijuana remains classified as a Schedule I drug and its possession and use by any individual, regardless of age, are prohibited. As a Title IV institution, the School will follow all applicable federal laws and regulations. Note: Officially sponsored off-campus activities include field trips and student-sponsored social activities if they are considered sponsored by the School.

2. REPORTING OF VIOLATIONS TO LOCAL AND/OR STATE LAW ENFORCEMENT

The School will report to local and/or state law enforcement, as applicable by federal and state drug laws, any student who is found in possession of, using or selling illegal drugs on campus as well as anyone who is found to have broken the state laws regarding underage drinking.

3. DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS

Illegal possession or use of drugs or alcohol can have penalties, including loss of Title IV eligibility, community service, suspension or loss of driver's license, jail time and fines. Students who violate the School's prohibitions against drugs and alcohol are subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination of their enrollment at the School. For state-specific statutes and penalties on drug and alcohol offenses, please reference the state of the applicable campus location. Additionally, employees who violate the prohibitions against drugs and alcohol are subject to disciplinary action up to and including immediate termination of their employment and referral of their violation for prosecution. For more information, employees should contact the Human Resources Department.

4. LOSS OF TITLE IV ELIGIBILITY

A student is ineligible to receive Title IV financial aid if the student has been convicted of an offense involving the possession or sale of illegal drugs for the period described below:

	<u>Possession of Illegal Drugs</u>	<u>Sale of Illegal Drugs</u>
1st Offense:	1 year from the date of conviction	2 years from the date of conviction
2nd Offense:	2 years from the date of conviction	Indefinite Period
3rd Offense	Indefinite Period	

5. LEGAL SANCTIONS

State Drug Laws: State law considers the illegal use of drugs and alcohol serious crimes. The sanctions for first time violations of these laws range from fines to lengthy terms of incarceration, or both. Additionally, local ordinances and municipal codes impose a variety of penalties for the illegal use of drugs and alcohol. There may also be civil consequences which result from the violation of state drug and alcohol statutes. Property associated with the criminal acts, including homes and vehicles, can be confiscated by the government. Persons convicted of felonies may be barred from government employment and lose their right to vote.

Federal Drug Laws: Federal law considers the manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of illegal drugs, or any controlled substance a serious crime. Appendix A provides a summary of the criminal sanctions for violations of federal drug statutes. For the most up to date Federal Trafficking Penalties information, visit the web site of the U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration at: <https://www.dea.gov/>.

6. HEALTH RISKS

Drug use causes physical and emotional dependence, interferes with memory, sensation, and perception, and in some cases may cause permanent brain damage or sudden death. The following is a summary of the various health risks associated with alcohol abuse and use of specific types of drugs, and is not intended to be an exhaustive or final statement of all possible health consequences of substance abuse.

Alcohol: Alcohol consumption has acute effects on the body and causes a number of marked changes in behavior. Even low doses may significantly impair judgment and coordination. Alcohol is an especially dangerous drug for pregnant women.

Marijuana: Marijuana contains THC, a chemical which alters the sensory activities of the brain, including long-term memory capabilities, comprehension, altered sense of time, decreased motivation, and reduced ability to perform tasks requiring concentration and coordination. Marijuana smoke contains more cancer-causing agents than tobacco.

Cocaine/Crack: Cocaine and crack are highly addictive and may lead to heart attacks, strokes, and long-term brain damage. Other physical effects include dilated pupils, increased pulse rate, elevated blood pressure, insomnia, loss of appetite, tactile hallucinations, paranoia, and seizures. Continued use can produce violent behavior and psychosis.

Methamphetamine/Amphetamines: Methamphetamine is a central nervous system stimulant of the amphetamine family. Like cocaine and crack, methamphetamines are highly addictive “uppers” that produce extreme alertness and elation, along with a variety of severe adverse reactions. The body metabolizes methamphetamine more slowly; the effects may last as much as ten times longer. Methamphetamine users can experience sustained, severe mood and thought disturbances, and serious physical effects, including sudden death.

Narcotics: Narcotics such as heroin, methadone, oxycodone, codeine, morphine, and opium initially produce a feeling of euphoria that often is followed by drowsiness, nausea, and vomiting. An overdose may produce shallow breathing, clammy skin, convulsions, coma, and death. Tolerance to narcotics develops rapidly and dependence is likely. The use of contaminated syringes may result in diseases such as AIDS, endocarditis, and hepatitis.

Ecstasy: “Designer drugs” such as Ecstasy are related to amphetamines in that they have mild stimulant properties but are mostly euphoricants. They can cause nausea, blurred vision, chills or sweating, and faintness. Psychological effects include anxiety, depression, and paranoia. As little as one dose can cause severe neurochemical brain damage. Narcotic designer drugs can cause symptoms such as uncontrollable tremors, drooling, impaired speech, paralysis, and irreversible brain damage.

GHB/Rohypnol: Often known as “date rape” drugs, GHB and Rohypnol initially produce a feeling of intoxication similar to alcohol (the user feels relaxed, sociable, affectionate and playful, and disinhibited) followed by a feeling of drowsiness. Higher doses can lead to a sleep from which the user cannot be woken. The effects can last from 4-24 hours. Both GHB and Rohypnol present a serious overdose threat. Since they are depressants, both drugs can be fatal when mixed with alcohol. Symptoms of overdose can include intense drowsiness, unconsciousness or coma, muscle spasms, disorientation, vomiting, and slowed or stopped breathing (fatalities usually occur from respiratory failure).

Inhalants: Inhalants are readily available and inexpensive. More than 1000 common household products can be used to get high. Examples of organic solvents (carbon compounds) include gasoline, lighter fluid and butane lighter fuel, spray paint, paint thinner, rubber-cement, hair spray, nail polish, and many cleaning fluids. Nitrite compounds (amyl nitrite, butyl nitrite) act mainly as vasodilators. Nitrous oxide (laughing gas) is packaged in small metal cartridges (called whippets) which are often used to make whipped cream. Inhalants irritate breathing passages, provoking severe coughing, painful inflammation, and nosebleeds. Inhalants may not produce a pleasant high and result in mental confusion, hallucinations, and paranoia. They may also result in respiratory depression leading to unconsciousness, coma, permanent brain damage, or death. The danger is extremely great if inhalants are used in conjunction with other nervous system depressants, such as alcohol or barbiturates. Even first-time users run the risk of sudden sniffing death (SSD). The risk of SSD is higher if the abuser engages in strenuous physical activity or is suddenly startled.

Steroids: Steroids are manufactured testosterone-like drugs used to increase muscle mass, strength, and endurance. The liver and the cardiovascular and reproductive systems are most seriously affected by steroid use. Psychological effects include very aggressive behavior (“roid rage”), severe mood swings, manic episodes, and depression.

7. DRUG AND ALCOHOL PROGRAMS

Students requiring or requesting information about drug abuse treatment should contact the Campus Director for the contact information of local agencies and programs. Employees requiring information about drug abuse treatment should contact the Human Resources Department at (702) 658-7900.

Additional helpful information and resources may be found by contacting the following organizations:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration 1-800-662-HELP (1-800-662-4357)
<https://www.samhsa.gov/find-help/national-helpline>

California – <http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes.xhtml>

Texas – www.statutes.legis.state.tx.us/

Nevada – <https://www.leg.state.nv.us/law1.cfm>

8. APPENDIX A

DRUG/SCHEDULE	QUANTITY	PENALTIES	QUANTITY	PENALTIES
Cocaine (Schedule II)	500 - 4999 grams mixture	First Offense: Not less than 5 yrs, and not more than 40 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than \$5 million if an individual, \$25 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not less than 10 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious injury, life imprisonment. Fine of not more than \$8 million if an individual, \$50 million if not an individual.	5 kgs or more mixture	First Offense: Not less than 10 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than \$10 million if an individual, \$50 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not less than 20 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious injury, life imprisonment. Fine of not more than \$20 million if an individual, \$75 million if not an individual. 2 or More Prior Offenses: Life imprisonment. Fine of not more than \$20 million if an individual, \$75 million if not an individual.
Cocaine Base (Schedule II)	28-279 grams mixture		280 grams or more mixture	
Fentanyl (Schedule II)	40 - 399 grams mixture		400 grams or more mixture	
Fentanyl Analogue (Schedule I)	10 - 99 grams mixture		100 grams or more mixture	
Heroin (Schedule I)	100 - 999 grams mixture		1 kg or more mixture	
LSD (Schedule I)	1 - 9 grams mixture		10 grams or more mixture	
Methamphetamine (Schedule II)	5 - 49 grams pure or 50 - 499 grams mixture		50 grams or more pure or 500 grams or more mixture	
PCP (Schedule II)	10 - 99 grams pure or 100 - 999 grams mixture	100 gm or more pure or 1 kg or more mixture		

Substance Abuse Policy and Procedures

The School will take appropriate disciplinary action whenever a student violates or is suspected of violating this Substance Abuse Policy. Reporting to campus under the influence of alcohol, drugs or any substance that impairs a student's mental or physical capacity **WILL NOT BE TOLERATED**. This includes all forms of marijuana and synthetic marijuana. Any student using physician-prescribed medication or other medication that may impair performance in either the classroom or the lab shall immediately inform his or her instructor of such medication. Additionally, any physician-prescribed drug that might result in a positive drug test must be reported to his or her instructor or the Director of Education or Campus Director as soon as the student begins using the medication. Failure to provide such notification in a timely manner may subject the student to all the actions, requirements and conditions described in the Drug Testing Procedures of this policy.

When the School becomes aware of reasonable grounds (as listed below) to believe a student has violated the Substance Abuse Policy, the School will immediately investigate. Such investigation may include appropriate drug and/or alcohol testing. As a result of such investigation and at the School's sole discretion, one or more of the following actions may occur, depending upon factors that include the nature and severity of the offense:

- verbal warning/advisement
- written warning/advisement
- immediate screening test
- referral to an approved rehabilitation/counseling agency
- attendance failure
- termination
- referral for prosecution

Students should be aware that the School may bring matters of illegal drug use to the attention of local law enforcement. Students should fully understand that the School supports the criminal prosecution of policy violators, when appropriate.

Reasonable grounds for suspecting substance abuse include, but are not limited to, any one or more of the following:

- | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • slurred speech • red eyes • erratic behavior • inability to perform job/task • inability to carry on a rational conversation • smell of alcohol or marijuana emanating from student's body | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • other unexplained behavioral changes • dilated pupils • incoherence • unsteadiness on feet • increased carelessness • receipt of information by the School indicating a violation of this policy has occurred |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

To assure clear communication of the required standards of conduct and the sanctions imposed for violation of those standards, the School will provide students and employees with a copy of this Substance Abuse Policy. Students and employees are hereby notified that **COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS OF CONDUCT REQUIRED BY THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE POLICY IS MANDATORY. IN ORDER TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE, THE SCHOOL MAY ENGAGE IN DRUG AND/OR ALCOHOL SCREENING TESTS UNDER THE FOLLOWING CIRCUMSTANCES:**

- After an accident occurring at the School.
- If the School believes an individual has been observed possessing or using a prohibited substance on campus.
- When the School believes an individual may be affected by the use of drugs or alcohol, and the use may adversely affect the individual's effectiveness in the classroom environment or his or her safety as well as the safety of others.
- When the School believes an individual is impaired during school/business hours or while engaged in School experiential learning (e.g., externship, clinical, internship, preceptorship) or School sponsored activities
- When the School receives a written report from another party with a relationship to the individual (e.g., roommate, parent, landlord) alleging, with documented reasonable grounds, the individual has abused drugs or alcohol.
- Upon notification by proper authorities of alleged violations of the Substance Abuse Policy.
- In addition, periodic random drug screening tests will be administered and any individual who has had a positive drug or alcohol impairment test may be subjected to further testing for the duration of his or her program of instruction.

Sacramento Employment Training Agency (SETA) Certification Supplementing the Drug-Free Schools/Drug-Free Workplace Annual Disclosure

The Sacramento Employment Training Agency (SETA) has additional requirements for employees of National Career Education supplementing this Drug-Free Schools/Drug-Free Workplace Annual Disclosure. With this notification you are hereby advised that, per SETA requirements and as a condition of your employment with NCE, should you be convicted for the violation of a criminal drug statute

occurring in the workplace, you must notify NCE in writing of your conviction no later than five (5) calendar days after said conviction.

Drug Testing Procedures (Random and For Cause)

As part of the School's efforts to ensure a drug- and alcohol-free environment, random drug tests may be conducted on a regular basis as determined by the School. The School reserves the right every three to six weeks to have a reasonable number of students from the student body be randomly tested for illegal substances. The School also conducts "for cause" drug tests based upon the finding of reasonable grounds as listed earlier.

In the absence of extraordinary circumstances, any student who tests positive or admits to illegal drug or alcohol use as a result of either random selection or selection for cause, will be subject to at least the following school actions, requirements and conditions, at the School's discretion:

- Immediate dismissal from School for the remainder of the current module/term or for the student's remaining program of study. The student will also be subject to any additional actions that may occur as a result of the course dismissal, including, but not limited to, repeat fees or being placed on probationary status.
- The student must be assessed by a certified evaluator from one of the drug treatment programs approved by the School and enrolled in a program prior to resuming School enrollment.
- The student must follow the assignments of the evaluator and provide evidence of completion of those assignments, if applicable.
- The student must sign a release form at the treatment center giving the School access to information regarding his or her progress in the treatment program.
- The student must earn and submit a certificate of completion, if applicable, or submit similar documentation to the School prior to receiving any official graduation documents.

Failure to complete a recommended drug treatment program in a timely manner, as determined by the School, may be cause for withdrawal from the School until proof of completion of the program.

Refusal to test or, in the case of urine testing, failure to produce a sample within the allotted time frame after being selected is considered the same as a "positive" test and may result in the same actions and requirements identified above.

For students who have entered an approved program and returned to the School, the following stipulations apply:

- The student must agree to cease drug use and destroy all drug-related paraphernalia.
- The student is required to meet with the Director of Education or Campus Director on a regular basis (frequency determined by the Director of Education or Campus Director) and show proof of continued attendance or completion of the drug education program at each meeting, if applicable.
- The student is subject to on-demand drug testing as determined by the School.
- The student must pay all expenses involved in assessment and drug education.
- The student must pay all costs associated with any suspension, including but not limited to tuition cost resulting from module/term retakes.

Failure to abide by the established guidelines will result in termination of training at the School. Any student who tests positive for or admits to drug or alcohol use a second time will be immediately terminated from the School. A student who has been terminated from training must utilize the Student Grievance Policy and Procedures as an appeals process to determine the possibility of returning to the School.

Except in certain situations, students will not be terminated for voluntarily seeking assistance for a substance abuse problem. However, repeated incidents or continued performance, attendance or behavior problems may result in termination.